

GREEN BUILDING INITIATIVE



Green Building Initiative

Green Building Practices
Become Mainstream

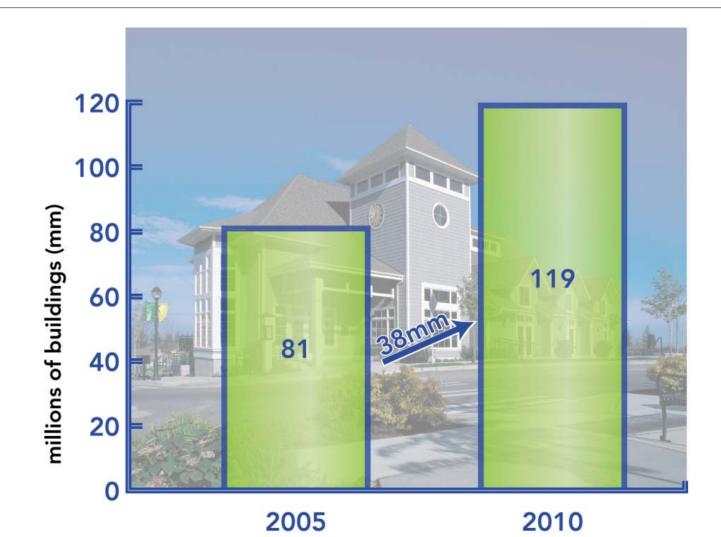


M I S S I O N

Promote Credible and Practical Approaches



WHY ARE WE HERE?



buildings in operation



GBI Basics

- Founded in 2005 as 501(c)3 educational organization
- Formed to provide credible and affordable green building options for mainstream builders
- Created with seed funding from building materials, appliances, financial services, insulation industries
- 5000 associate members
 - Builders, architects, engineers, specifiers



GBI Leadership

























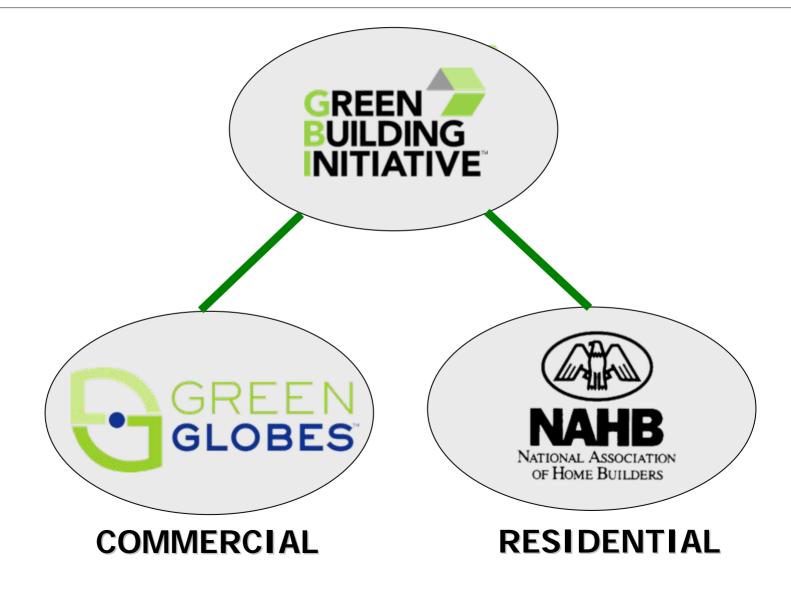








OUR APPROACH





Leadership Position



GBI Becomes Standards Developer

GREEN BUILDING INITIATIVE™ FIRST GREEN BUILDING ORGANIZATION TO BECOME ANSI ACCREDITED NATIONAL STANDARDS DEVELOPER

-- Submits Application for Green GlobesTM to Become an American National Standard --

Portland, Ore. (**September 22, 2005**) – Today, the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) formally recognized the Green Building Initiative™ as an accredited national standards developer — making the Green Building Initiative the first green building organization permitted to develop, maintain and withdraw American national standards.

On the heels of this announcement, the Green Building Initiative submitted an application to establish Green GlobesTM — the first Web based environmental design and rating system for commercial buildings in the Unit States — as an American National Standard (ANS).

"ANSI accreditation demonstrates that the Green Building Initiative is leals of openness, balance and censensus," said Ward Hubbell. hon-Building Initiative: "We are happy to be recognized to the next step in this process." leve er, b eager to tional reen Gl rican of green standard, Standard. Doing so will al of incre ing a closer practices an am bu chite and elopers. añ An Green G princip into the ildings with the rs int √le des the L sensus-based development nowledd hat th an ked scien cedure

In corda with ANSI quirements, the Green Building Initiative is now assembling a technical teel which will include a balance of users, producers and interested third parties — to overs the candard. The entire process of establishing Green Globes as a national standard is estimated to take up to two years. GBI's ANSI-approved procedures will guide technical committee review, research, revision and voting on the standard, all in an effort to reach consensus on the final document. GBI will require the committee to accommodate input and objections from all stakeholders. Once finalized, ANSI will evaluate the evidence of consensus and the final standard may claim designation as an American National Standard.





What the Media Are Saying



Environmental Building News

Green Globes Emerges to Challenge LEED

What's Happening - Envil News March 2005

A Web-based green build from Canada, Green Glol introduced to the U.S. ma to the U.S. Green Buildin Rating System. The Gree (GBI), established to prove "...first serious competitor to LEED in the U.S."

March 2005

National Association of Honganders (Norma)
Model Green Home Building Guidelines (see
EBN Vol. 14, No. 2), has expanded into the
nonresidential building market by licensing

"...competition can be good."

March 2005

U.S. GBI is
tion Network
groups that
ED and, as
wed to join the
ee EBN





What the Media Are Saying

Sustainable Industries



NOVEMBER 2005

Green Globes gets a leg up on LEED

A I hat's it a name! Big bucks, it seems-The American National Standards Institute has recognized the Green silding lootigtee (CRI) as an accredited vational tendards developer, making GRI the first green building organization able to develop U.S. alordonate outsofine analysis as

The Portland-based Green Building Instizo negan tren the U.S. market only a your ago, but he contilication is already used widely throughout England and Canada, Accreditation by the New York-based American National Standards Institute (ANSI), the official certifier of U.S. voluntary assessment systems, is just the first step GBI is taking to try to gain a dominant position in the United States' growing market for emissionmental

building to the

To do f practical

The U.S. G those 2,000 hold

"Our mission is to bring green green building, ANSI, however, would have the final year whether Green Globes and LIFED are

"Green Globes gets a leg up on LEED." November 2005

"GBI is the first to develop **U.S.** construction industry standards."

November 2005

n Saidding Initiative's Executive Director Subbell said there's plenty of soons in the ulding market for two certification ds. He added: "I'm glad (USGBC) chose because the Web-based system allows a as it is being built. What's more, he s Green Globes certification will cost New 25-10 seasons less than LEED

the building is occupsed and working how before we certify it. don't new KER as competition," she

mainstream." Hobbell added. "To do that, we presented by ANSI.







Residential Programs





Marketing Support

ADVERTISING



LOCAL WEB SITE



PUBLIC RELATIONS



CO-OP MATERIALS







GREEN BUILDING NITIATIVE

CURRENT NETWORK





Commercial Programs





Online Tool: www.thegbi.org

Rating System/ Assessment Tool



Design Guidance









Usage





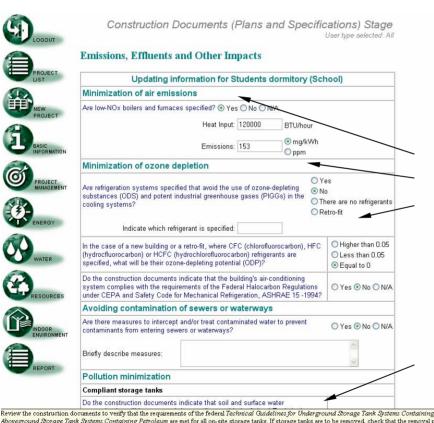




- 5% 1 Project Management
- 11.5 2 Site
 - 38 3 Energy
- 8.5 **4** Water
- 10 5 Resources
- 7 6 Emissions, Effluents & Other Impacts
- **7** Indoor Environment
- 1000 points available



Complete the Questionnaire



Project Stage and User

Questionnaire has settings for individuals team members (architects, engineers, etc.)

Questionnaire Questions are "yes" or "no", multiple choice, or require data entry.

Tip box For assistance, move the mouse over the question.

Review the construction documents to verify that the requirements of the federal Technical Guidelines for Underground Storage Tank Systems Containing Petroleum and Allied Petroleum Products and the Technical Guidelines for Aboveground Storage Tank Systems Containing Petroleum are met for all on-site storage tanks. If storage tanks are to be removed, check that the removal procedures address the requirements set out in these Guidelines as well as any applicable provincial regulations. If there are to be no storage tanks, mark "in'a".

Control other pollutants (PCBs, asbestos, radon)
In the case of a retrofit do all PCRs resent in the building meet applicable

Reports

Water-conserving features

Opportunities for Improvement

RECOMMENDATIONS

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Minimal consumption of potable water

In addition to a water meter to measure the total amount of water supplied to the building, major water consumption operations such as boilers, cooling tower make-up lines, water-cooled air-conditioning units or special laboratory operations, should also be individually monitored.

Metering provides continuous information of system efficiency and can give early warnings of system problems such as leaks. When each tenancy is accountable for water use, this can motivate occupants to cut back.

◆ Meter Selection

Consider integrating the following water efficient equipment:

- low-flush toilets (less than 6 L)
- · water-saving fixtures on faucets (4 L/min.) and showerheads (9.0 L/min.)
- water-saving devices or proximity detectors on urinals
- · other water-saving appliances (for example low-flow kitchen faucets, low water consumption domestic and commercial dishwashers (38 litres) and water efficient (H-axis) washing machines)

Provide manufacturers' data and proven-in-use documentation

ecify the implementation of water-saving fixtures and appliances suc

- · infrared faucet sensors and delayed action shut-off or automatic mechanical shut-off valves:
- low-flow toilets at 6 L/flush or 1.6 gal./flush;
- · waterless urinals;
- . lavatory faucets with flow restrictors for a maximum rate of 7.5 LPM, metering faucets at 1 L/cycle; and, where applicable, low-flow kitchen faucets at 9 LPM;
- low-flow showerheads at 9 LPM;

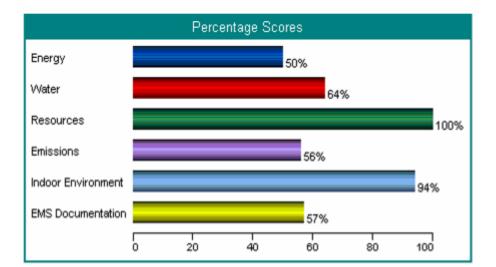
domestic dishwashers that use 38 L/cycle or less; (or



Minimal use of water for cooling

If air-conditioning is to be used, specify air-cooling towers where feasible. Alternatively, select cooling Avoid evapo comp

air



Performance ratings **Supplementary information** Recommendations Web references

schematic design

preliminary rating construction documents

final rating



CERTIFICATION

TWO-GLOBES CERTIFIED

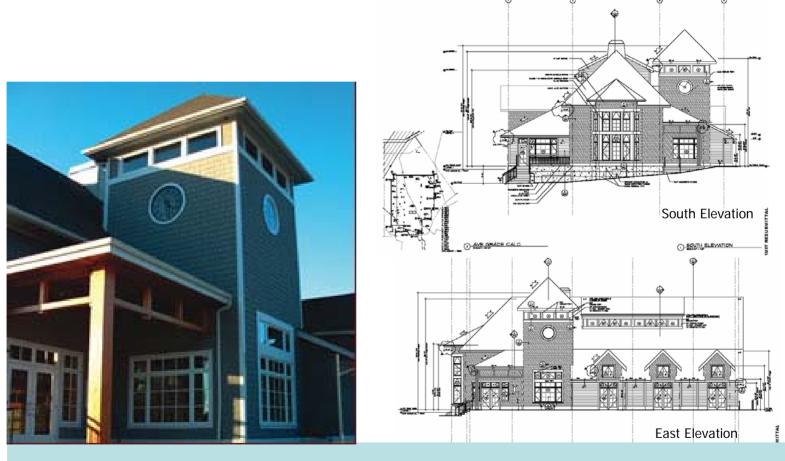
BLAKELY HALL



RECOGNIZED FOR ENVIRONMENTAL AND
ENERGY-EFFICIENT DESIGN BY THE
GREEN GLOBES™ DESIGN AND RATING SYSTEM.



First U.S. Green Globes Building



Blakely Hall, Issaquah, Washington

Weber + Thompson, PLLC Architects

ATTRIBUTES

User-Friendly

 Web infrastructure provides real time feedback and design guidance

Affordable

Web platform reduces internal/external costs

Flexible

Can accommodate large and smaller commercial structures

ATTRIBUTES

Comprehensive

Tackles every aspect of environmental design and implementation

Rigorous

 When used with third party verification, the Green Globes[™] system helps to publicly demonstrate environmental commitment

- 1 Project Management (50 pts.)
 - Integrated design process
 - Environmental purchasing
 - Commissioning (plans for systems testing after construction)
 - Emergency response plan









Emergency response flip charts



Environmental Choice™ Program

2 Site (115 pts.)

- Development area
- Ecological impacts (erosion, heat island, light pollution)
- Watershed features
- Site ecology enhancement



Natural corridor and Riparian Zone

Native plant species - Bullrushes, Goldenrod, and Switchgrass









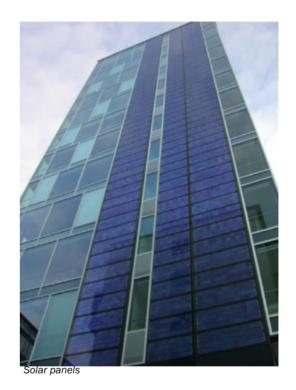


Green roof Brownfield



3 Energy (380 pts.)

- **Energy performance**
- Reduced demand (space optimization, microclimatic design, daylighting, envelope design, metering)
- Energy efficiency features (lighting, heating & cooling equipment).
- Renewable energy (solar, wind, biomass, etc)
- Transportation







Hydrogen station



Green roof



Efficient lighting



Bicycle storage



Energy metering

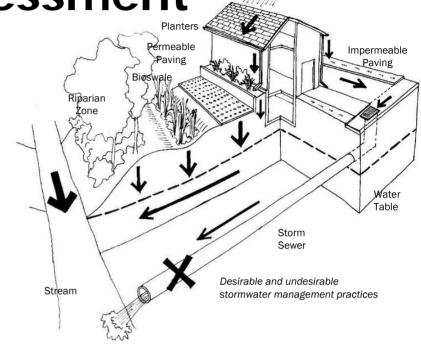


Wind turbine



4 Water (85 pts.)

- Water performance
- Water conserving features (equipment, meters, irrigation systems)
- On-site treatment (stormwater, greywater, blackwater)









Solar aquatics wastewater treatment,



Low-flush toilet



Bioswale,

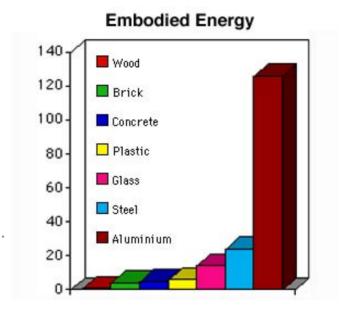


Water-saving showerheads



5 Resources (100 pts.)

- Low-impact systems and materials (LCA).
- Minimal use of non-renewables.
- Reuse of existing buildings.
- Durability, adaptability and disassembly.
- Demolition waste (reduce, reuse, recycle).
- Recycling & composting facilities.















Reused Buildings

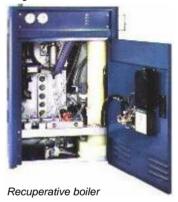
Alternative composite panels

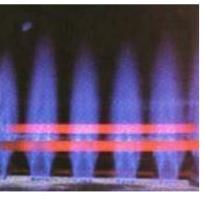
Recycled carpet



6 Emissions, Effluents & Other Impacts (70 pts.)

- Air emissions (boilers)
- Ozone depletion
- Sewer & waterway protection
- Pollution control (procedures, compliance with standards)













Low-NOx burners

Pest prevention

Storage Tank

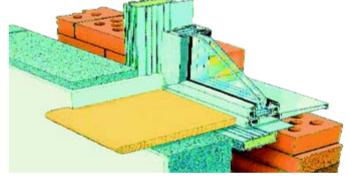
Smog

MSDSs, equipment manuals, etc.



7 Indoor Environment (200 pts.)

- Ventilation system
- Indoor pollution control
- Lighting (daylighting & electric)
- Thermal comfort
- Acoustic comfort



Insulated cavity closer discourages mould and bacteria growth



