The Scale and Cost of Seasonal Harvesting Restrictions in Wisconsin

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Seasonal Harvesting Restrictions

• Purpose: protect the forest resource

- Example restrictions:
 - Winter only to protect soil
 - Oak wilt no harvest April 1st or 15th July 15th
 - Conifer stump treatment outside winter
 - Seasonal weight limits



Potential Impact of Seasonal Restrictions

- Reduced stumpage prices
 - \$65.82/ac reduction in MN
- Reduced logging capacity utilization
 - Weather-related down time
 - Less timber available seasonally
- Increased harvesting costs
 - BMPs cost \$1,562 per site in Arkansas
- Increased timber procurement costs
 - Inventory costs
 - Seasonal increases in delivered prices





Research Goals

1. Identify most common seasonal restrictions and motivations for them,

2. Estimate the cost of seasonal restrictions to landowners and forest industry, and

3. Summarize known ecological consequences of seasonal harvesting restrictions.



Methods – Timber Sale Analysis

- Analyzed WI DNR timber sale data for sales closed in 2013
 - 184 state sales
 - 100 county forest
 - 105 managed forest law (MFL) sales
 - 56 private, non-MFL sales
- Sales were classified by forest cover and soil type
 - Forest cover: upland hardwood, lowland hardwood, upland conifer, or lowland conifer
 - Soil types: sandy, loam, clay, wetland, mixed



Methods – Analysis of Bid Results

- Analyzed bid results from 2014 timber sales on Wisconsin County Forests
 - Collected prospectuses and bid results from a
 660 sales from 28 of 29 counties
- Used multiple linear regression to measure impact of seasonal restrictions and other variables on bidding behavior

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY PARKS & FOREST Spring 2014 TIMBER SALES BROCHURE SCS-FM/COC-0083G-E

Attached are maps of the eleven timber sales available in the Eau Claire County Forest – tracts 17-13 thru 6-14. Loggers are expected to preview sales before bidding. Also attached are timber bid sheets, information on the mill scale ticket system, and right-0-way contacts.

Annosum Root Rot Prevention

Purchaser shall apply Cells-Treat (or equivalent) fungicide to all pine sturns within 24 hours of the cutting. Purchaser shall apply Cells-Treat (or equivalent) according to portucit tabel directions. Countly will provide the Cells-Treat (or equivalent) product and dyse. Countly will also provide the purchaser with a backpack sprayer if needed. Application of Cells-Treat (or equivalent) is not required if the high temperature on the doy of harvest is less than 32 degrees.

TOTAL ESTIMATED TIMBER VOLUMES							
Aspen Pulp	740 tons	Red Pine Pulp	4475 tons				
Mixed Hardwood Pulp	4450 tons	White Pine Pulp	430 tons				
Red Maple	414 tons	Oak Logs	487 MBF				
Oak Pulp	10808 tons	Mx Hardwood Loos	33 MBF				
Oak Bolts	430 cords	White Pine Logs	53 MBF				

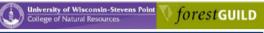
		Ashla	and Cou	unty Timber	Sale Bid Re	sults - De	cember 2	014
number	124	acres			* Bidder	Bidder	Bidder	
-14	Species	Volume	Min Bid	Min Price	Schloer			
	MX Hardwood Pulp	600	\$15.00	\$9,000.00	\$38.00			
	Basswood Pulp	400	\$1.00	\$400.00	\$20.00			
	Balsam Fir Pulp	80	\$15.00	\$1,200.00	\$20.00			
	Aspen Pulp	350	\$15.00	\$5,250.00	\$40.00			
	Ash Pulp	150	\$15.00	\$2,250.00	\$20.00			
	Tamarack Pulp	200	\$15.00	\$3,000.00	\$35.00			
	Spruce Pulp	100	\$15.00	\$1,500.00	\$30.00			
	Hard Maple Logs	4	\$120.00	\$480.00	\$200.00			
	Mx. Hdwd Logs	1	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$150.00			
	Basswood Logs	5	\$80.00	\$400.00	\$100.00			
	Ash Logs	3.5	\$100.00	\$350.00	\$150.00			
	Total			\$23,930.00	\$61,375.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
	156	acres			* Bidder	Bidder	Bidder	Bidder
	Species	Volume	Min Bid	Min Price	Ashland Mat	Schloer		
4	MX Hardwood Pulp	800	\$15.00	\$12,000.00	\$47.97	\$25.00		
	Aspen Pulp	180	\$15.00	\$2,700.00	\$39.35	\$25.00		
	Balsam Fir Pulp	300	\$15.00	\$4,500.00	\$15.88	\$16.00		
	Black Ash Pulp	40	\$15.00	\$600.00	\$24.80	\$15.00		
	Tamarack Pulp	250	\$15.00	\$3,750.00	\$24.64	\$25.00		
	Black Spruce Pulp	80	\$15.00	\$1,200.00	\$20.48	\$25.00		
	Hard Maple Logs	32	\$120.00	\$3,840.00	\$496.10	\$300.00		
	Red maple Logs	42	\$100.00	\$4,200.00	\$340.84	\$200.00		
	Yellow Birch Logs	9	\$100.00	\$900.00	\$333.30	\$150.00		
	Black Ash Logs	2	\$100.00	\$200.00	\$342.10	\$120.00		
	Mx. Hdwd Logs	1	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$166.10	\$120.00		
	Total			\$33,990.00	\$93,053.88	\$57,860.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
	204				* Bidder	Bidder	Bidder	Bidder
	Species	Volume	Min Bid	Min Price	Schloer			
14	MX Hardwood Pulp	1000	\$15.00	\$15,000.00	\$38.00			
	Aspen Pulp	80	\$10.50	\$840.00	\$38.00			
	Balsam Fir Pulp	320	\$10.50	\$3,360.00	\$25.00			
	Black Spruce Pulp	45	\$10.50	\$472.50	\$35.00			
	Black Ash Pulp	200	\$10.35	\$2,070.00	\$25.00			
	Hard Maple Logs	31	\$90.00	\$2,790.00	\$250.00			
	Red maple Logs	12	\$70.00	\$840.00	\$200.00			
	Yellow Birch Logs		\$70.00	\$1,960.00	\$200.00			
	Block Ash Long	12	\$61.00	\$792.00	\$100.00			



Ilack Ash Logs

Methods – Surveys

- Forester survey
 - WDNR cooperating foresters and public sector foresters
 - Private sector: 184 foresters consultants and industry
 - Public sector: 197 foresters State, Counties, and Forest Service
 - Response rate = 65.0%
- Mill survey
 - Mail survey of 165 mills
 - Pulpmills (including composite mills)
 - Small sawmills (<50,000 tons/yr)
 - Medium & large sawmills (50,000+ tons/yr)
 - Response rate = 39.0%
- Dillman (2007) Tailored Design Method for both surveys



UW-Stevens Point & Forest Guild Forester Surve

Frequency and Rationale for Seasonal Restriction

 During a typical year, what percentage of the timber sales that you prepare or administer include the following types of restrictions? (Please check one box per item)

	Rarely or Never	1-5%	6-10%	11-25%	28-50%	51-75%	76-09%	100%
Access/transportation restrictions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Annosum root rot restrictions	\odot	$^{\circ}$	\odot	0	0	\odot	$^{\circ}$	$^{\circ}$
Biomass hervesting guidelines (e.g. retein coarse woody debris)	0	0	$^{\circ}$	0	0	0	0	0
Cultural or archaeological restrictions	\odot	$^{\circ}$	$^{\circ}$	0	0	$^{\circ}$	0	0
Invasive species best management practices	0	$^{\circ}$	0	0	0	$^{\circ}$	0	0
Oak wilt restrictions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pest restrictions (other than calk wilt or annosum)	0	0	\bigcirc	0	0	0	0	Q
Rare species/wildlife restrictions	0	$^{\circ}$	$^{\circ}$	0	0	$^{\circ}$	$^{\circ}$	$^{\circ}$
Recreation-related restrictions (e.g. deer hunting, winter sports, etc.)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Solifrydrological disturbance (ruting, compaction, runoff, etc.) restrictions	$^{\circ}$	$^{\circ}$	$^{\circ}$	0	0	0	0	0
Requiring that an aspen stand be hervested in the winter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Water quality best management practices	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc



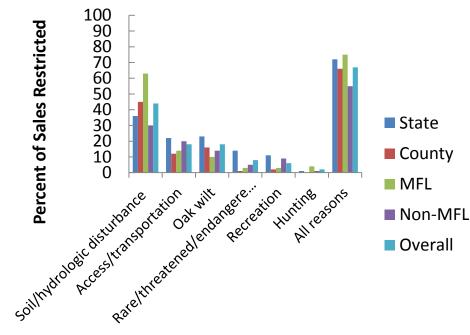
Results – Timber Sale Availability by Month

Ownership	Percent of timber sales available by Month											
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
State	100	100	75	52	52	52	56	87	87	87	87	100
County	99	99	72	43	43	44	46	67	67	67	67	100
MFL	100	100	67	31	30	30	32	59	61	61	61	100
Non-MFL	100	100	88	77	77	77	77	91	91	91	91	98
Total	100	100	74	47	46	47	49	73	73	73	73	100

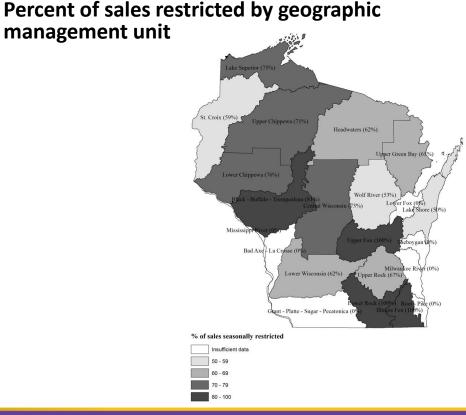


Percent of Sales with Restrictions

Percent of sales restricted by reason



Type of Restriction





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Commonly Restricted Periods for Timber Harvesting in WI

Rationale	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Wood turtle												
Blanding's turtle												
Northern goshawk			1									
Northern long- eared bat												
Oak wilt								-				
Annosum root rot												
Hydrology/soil*												
Recreation*												

* These restrictions are specific to site and/or landowner preferences and thus the timing of application can be variable.



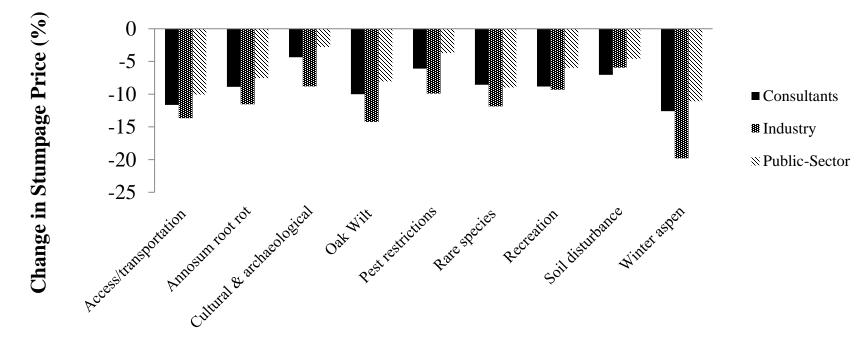
Rationale for Restrictions

- Forester survey results agreed with timber sale analysis
- Most common motivations for restrictions were landowner goals and professional judgment

Restriction	Most common motivation	2 nd most common motivation				
Access/transportation	Landowner objectives (57%)	Professional judgment (56%)				
Oak wilt	Professional judgment (67%)	Program requirements (e.g. MFL) (54%)				
Recreation	Landowner objectives (81%)	Professional judgment (15%)				
Soil disturbance	Professional judgment (78%)	Forest certification (62%)				



Stumpage Price Reductions



Type of Restrictions



Seasonal Restrictions' Cost to Landowners

- Total cost to landowners = \$22.2 million per year
 - \$3.15 per ton of restricted timber
- Cost calculated by combining survey results and published harvest volumes and stumpage prices by species
 - Harvest volume by species (2009-2012)
 - Percent of sales restricted based on timber sale analysis
 - Percent stumpage reduction from survey results
 - Weighted average stumpage prices from Timber Mart North



2014 County Forest Timber Sale Analysis

- 67% had at least one seasonal restriction
- 34% of sales were restricted to winter harvesting
- Winter-only sales received 3.32 bids per sale
 Received 4.78 bids per sale in other sales
- Winter-only restriction reduced bids by \$141/ac



Forest Industry Response to Restrictions

- 1. High inventory levels
- Use of satellite wood yards
- 3. Increases in delivered prices

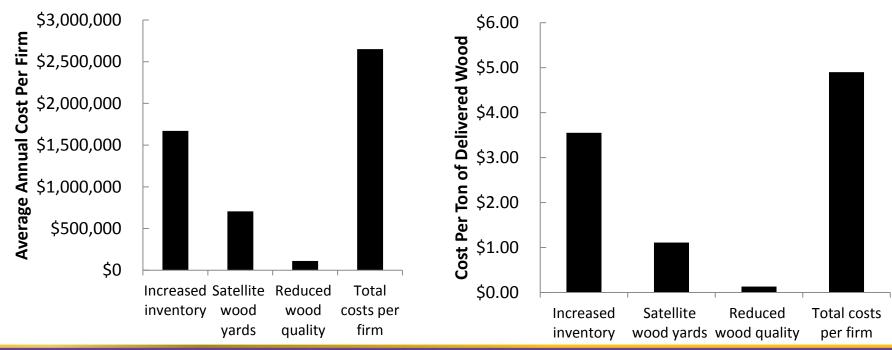
Practice	Mill type ¹	Perce	ent of respor	ndents
Inventory		Increased	No change	Decreased
level	Medium and large sawmill	20	50	30
	Small sawmill	42	35	23
	Pulpmill	89	0	11
Satellite	Medium and large sawmill	40	50	10
wood	Small sawmill	8	92	0
yards	Pulpmill	89	11	0
Delivered	Medium and large sawmill	70	30	0
price	Small sawmill	46	54	0
	Pulpmill	89	11	0

¹Medium and large sawmill = 50,000+tons; Small sawmill = <50,000 tons



Seasonal Restrictions' Cost to Pulpmills

Total annual cost



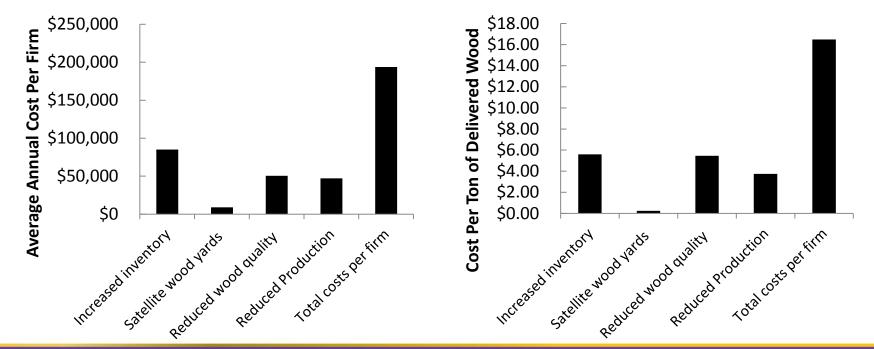


Cost per ton of delivered wood

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Seasonal Restrictions' Cost to Small Sawmills

Total annual cost





Cost per ton of delivered wood

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Most Impactful Restrictions for Mills

- Oak wilt
 - Rated most burdensome by pulpmills and small sawmills
- Access/transportation

• Seasonal weight limits



Literature Review

- Literature generally supportive of the need to protect resources
 - Stump treatments to prevent annosum root rot
 - Seasonal restrictions to protect some species
- Ecological consequences of seasonal shifts in harvesting are unclear
 - Pine harvests concentrated in spring
 - Disturbance-dependent species harvested in winter
- Multi-year studies needed to evaluate effectiveness of restrictions/guidelines/policies



Conclusion

- Approximately 67% of sales had at least one seasonal restriction
- Seasonal restrictions reduced stumpage prices
- Seasonal restrictions imposed costs on forest industry
 - Inventory increases
 - Satellite wood yards
 - Wood quality reductions during storage
- Long-term ecological consequences are unclear

